Alsea River

By William G. Robbins

The Alsea River originates in creeks flowing from the west side of Mary's Peak, the highest mountain in the Coast Range (elev. 4101 ft.), and in several streams in northwestern Lane County. The river flows west-northwesterly in a winding course on its way to the Pacific Ocean at Waldport on Oregon's mid coast. The main stem of the river begins at the confluence of the North and South forks near the community of Alsea and flows approximately 43 miles to the coast. Its watershed embraces 470 square miles (nearly 300,000 acres), with major tributaries such as Lobster Creek, Fall Creek, the Five Rivers system, and Drift Creek augmenting its volume. Much of the drainage is in the Siuslaw National Forest.

The Alsea River takes its name from Indian villagers (Alsi/Alseya) who lived around the extensive estuary on the lower river. The estuary and nearby coves along the coast provided abundant foodstuffs as did seasonal gathering treks to the upper valley. The steep river banks make the upper valley a difficult place to travel and reside. Joel Palmer, Oregon's Indian agent, established the Alsea Subagency of the Coast Reservation on Alsea Bay in 1859. Congress disbanded the Alsea Reservation in 1875.

From the Indian period to the present, the river has supported a major fishery, with four important runs of anadromous fishes: Sea-run, or Coastal, cutthroat trout (late summer and early fall); Chinook salmon (late summer through November); Coho salmon (Late summer to January); and Steelhead, or steelhead trout, (December to March). The water level of this small coastal river can vary widely. In late summer, it may be 1 foot deep; in flood, it may be 18 feet deep (a 200-fold increase in flow). The timing of fish runs are usually closely associated with Pacific storms and rising waters in the stream. Since the decline in timber harvests in the 1990s, sports fishing provides modest support for businesses along the river. The Alsea River Fish Hatchery is located about one mile north of Highway 34 on the North Fork. All hatchery and testing work was indefinitely suspended at the Oregon Hatchery Research Center due to a massive landslide just upstream. Campers and hikers enjoy the Alsea Falls Recreation Site, located on the South Fork about ten miles upstream from the confluence.

Sources

Lewis A. McArthur & and Lewis L. McArthur, Oregon Geographic Names, Seventh Edition (Portland: Oregon Historical Society, 2003).

North Coast Explorer. Natural Resources Digital Library http://northcoastexplorer.info. Interview long-time Alsea resident Bonnie Hill.

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https://www.oregonencyclopedia.org/articles/alsea_river/